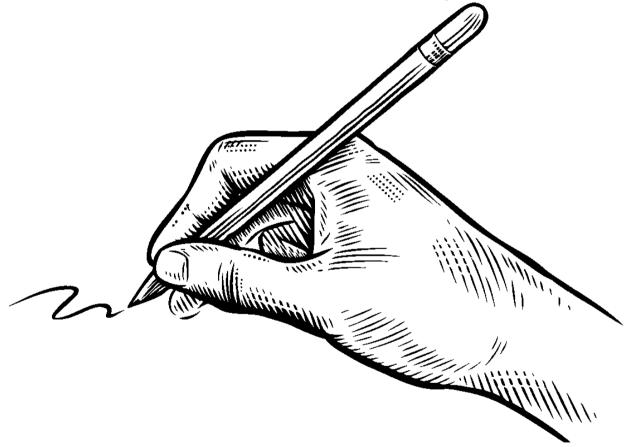
# **KEY STAGE FOUR**

# Daily REVISION



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Class:

Teacher:

	EXAMPLE PLANS	
Minimum ingredients		
Optional extras		
Macbeth, A Christmas Car	ol, An Inspector Calls	
Poetry ingredients		
Power & Conflict		
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# Monday 20th January

Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 1 scene 7. Macbeth is unsure about the plan to kill Duncan.

### MACBETH

If it were done when 'tis done, then 'twere well It were done quickly: if the assassination Could trammel up the consequence, and catch With his surcease success; that but this blow Might be the be-all and the end-all here, But here, upon this bank and shoal of time, We'ld jump the life to come. But in these cases We still have judgment here; that we but teach Bloody instructions, which, being taught, return To plague the inventor: this even-handed justice Commends the ingredients of our poison'd chalice To our own lips. He's here in double trust; First, as I am his kinsman and his subject, Strong both against the deed; then, as his host, Who should against his murderer shut the door, Not bear the knife myself. Besides, this Duncan Hath borne his faculties so meek, hath been So clear in his great office, that his virtues Will plead like angels, trumpet-tongued, against The deep damnation of his taking-off; And pity, like a naked new-born babe, Striding the blast, or heaven's cherubim, horsed Upon the sightless couriers of the air, Shall blow the horrid deed in every eye, That tears shall drown the wind. I have no spur To prick the sides of my intent, but only Vaulting ambition, which o'erleaps itself And falls on the other.

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present ideas about ambition in *Macbeth?* 

# Tuesday 21st January

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 1. Scrooge is visited by the charity collectors.

"At this festive season of the year, Mr. Scrooge," said the gentleman, taking up a pen, "it is more than usually desirable that we should make some slight provision for the Poor and Destitute, who suffer greatly at the present time. Many thousands are in want of common necessaries; hundreds of thousands are in want of common comforts, sir."

"Are there no prisons?" asked Scrooge.

"Plenty of prisons," said the gentleman, laying down the pen again.

"And the Union workhouses?" demanded Scrooge. "Are they still in operation?"

"They are. Still," returned the gentleman, "I wish I could say they were not."

"The Treadmill and the Poor Law are in full vigour, then?" said Scrooge.

"Both very busy, sir."

"Oh! I was afraid, from what you said at first, that something had occurred to stop them in their useful course," said Scrooge. "I'm very glad to hear it."

"Under the impression that they scarcely furnish Christian cheer of mind or body to the multitude," returned the gentleman, "a few of us are endeavouring to raise a fund to buy the Poor some meat and drink and means of warmth. We choose this time, because it is a time, of all others, when Want is keenly felt, and Abundance rejoices. What shall I put you down for?"

"Nothing!" Scrooge replied.

"You wish to be anonymous?"

"I wish to be left alone," said Scrooge. "Since you ask me what I wish, gentlemen, that is my answer. I don't make merry myself at Christmas and I can't afford to make idle people merry. I help to support the establishments I have mentioned -- they cost enough; and those who are badly off must go there."

off must go there."
"Many can't go there; and many would rather die."
"If they would rather die," said Scrooge, "they had better do it, and decrease the surplus population.

Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present ideas about money and wealth in A Christmas Carol?

Wed	nesday 22nd January	An Inspector Calls	
	You should choose <b>one</b> question to plan an answer.		
01.			
or			
02.	Explore how Priestley presents Inspector Calls.	ideas about taking responsibility for your actions in An	

# Thursday 23rd January

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present war in 'Charge of the Light Brigade' and one other poem.

### Charge of the Light Brigade - Alfred Lord Tennyson

Half a league, half a league, Half a league onward, All in the valley of Death Rode the six hundred. "Forward, the Light Brigade! Charge for the guns!" he said. Into the valley of Death Rode the six hundred.

"Forward, the Light Brigade!"
Was there a man dismayed?
Not though the soldier knew
Someone had blundered.
Theirs not to make reply,
Theirs not to reason why,
Theirs but to do and die.
Into the valley of Death
Rode the six hundred.

Cannon to right of them,
Cannon to left of them,
Cannon in front of them
Volleyed and thundered;
Stormed at with shot and shell,
Boldly they rode and well,
Into the jaws of Death,
Into the mouth of hell
Rode the six hundred.

Flashed all their sabres bare,
Flashed as they turned in air
Sabring the gunners there,
Charging an army, while
All the world wondered.
Plunged in the battery-smoke
Right through the line they broke;
Cossack and Russian
Reeled from the sabre stroke
Shattered and sundered.
Then they rode back, but not
Not the six hundred.

Cannon to right of them,
Cannon to left of them,
Cannon behind them
Volleyed and thundered;
Stormed at with shot and shell,
While horse and hero fell.
They that had fought so well
Came through the jaws of Death,
Back from the mouth of hell,
All that was left of them,
Left of six hundred.

When can their glory fade?

O the wild charge they made!

All the world wondered.

Honour the charge they made!

Honour the Light Brigade,

Noble six hundred!

# Unseen poetry and language paper 2

### **UNSEEN POETRY**

### **Blessing**

The skin cracks like a pod. There never is enough water.

Imagine the drip of it, the small splash, echo in a tin mug, the voice of a kindly god.

Sometimes, the sudden rush of fortune. The municipal pipe bursts, silver crashes to the ground and the flow has found a roar of tongues. From the huts, a congregation: every man woman child for streets around butts in, with pots, brass, copper, aluminium, plastic buckets, frantic hands,

and naked children screaming in the liquid sun, their highlights polished to perfection, flashing light, as the blessing sings over their small bones.

- Imtiaz Dharker

How does the poet present the speaker's attitude towards water?

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 2**

Q4: Compare the writers' viewpoints on the fog of London.

**SOURCE A - 1853 -** The winter-fogs of London are, indeed, awful. They surpass all imagining; he who never saw them, can form no idea of what they are. He who knows how powerfully they affect the minds and tempers of men, can understand the prevalence of that national disease—the spleen. In a fog, the air is hardly fit for breathing; it is grey-yellow, of a deep orange, and even black at the same time, it is moist, thick, full of bad smells, and choking. The fog appears, now and then, slowly, like a melo-dramatic ghost, and sometimes it sweeps over the town as the simoom over the desert. At times, it is spread with equal density over the whole of that ocean of houses on other occasions, it meets with some invisible obstacle, and rolls itself into intensely dense masses, from which the passengers come forth in the manner of the student who came out of the cloud to astonish Dr. Faust. It is hardly necessary to mention, that the fog is worst in those parts of the town which are near the Thames. (*Max Schlesinger*)

SOURCE B - 1959 - Fog stretched last night from the Home Counties westwards into Devon and South Wales and northwards through the Midlands and East Anglia up to Yorkshire. It is expected to persist to-day. The Department of Scientific and Industrial Research said that a reading of the filter at the Greenwich laboratory of its atmosphere pollution division showed that the average concentration of smoke was 2.48 milligrams a cubic metre. At midday the average concentration during the previous 24 hours was 1.3. The Automobile Association described conditions in London and the Home Counties, where the fog had persisted for twenty-four hours, as "very grim." Visibility in South-east London varied between nil and ten yards. Not one scheduled incoming or outgoing service was able to operate at London Airport during the day. Visibility was down to twenty yards there. About 44 outgoing and 30 incoming Continental flights bad been cancelled by evening.

# Monday 27th January

Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 2 scene 1. Macbeth is preparing to kill King Duncan.

### **MACBETH**

Go bid thy mistress, when my drink is ready, She strike upon the bell. Get thee to bed.

Exit Servant

Is this a dagger which I see before me,

The handle toward my hand? Come, let me clutch thee.  I have thee not, and yet I see thee still.
Art thou not, fatal vision, sensible
To feeling as to sight? or art thou but
A dagger of the mind, a false creation,
Proceeding from the heat-oppressed brain?
I see thee yet, in form as palpable
As this which now I draw.
Thou marshall'st me the way that I was going; And such an instrument I was to use.
Mine eyes are made the fools o' the other senses,
Or else worth all the rest; I see thee still,
And on thy blade and dudgeon gouts of blood,
Which was not so before. There's no such thing:
It is the bloody business which informs
Thus to mine eyes.
Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present Macbeth as a strong character in Macbeth?

# Tuesday 28th January

### A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 2. Scrooge witnesses the Christmas of Belle and her family.

But now a knocking at the door was heard, and such a rush immediately ensued that she with laughing face and plundered dress was borne towards it the centre of a flushed and boisterous group, just in time to greet the father, who came home attended by a man laden with Christmas toys and presents. Then the shouting and the struggling, and the onslaught that was made on the defenceless porter. The scaling him with chairs for ladders to dive into his pockets, despoil him of brown-paper parcels, hold on tight by his cravat, hug him round his neck, pommel his back, and kick his legs in irrepressible affection. The shouts of wonder and delight with which the development of every package was received. The joy, and gratitude, and ecstasy. They are all indescribable alike. It is enough that by degrees the children and their emotions got out of the parlour, and by one stair at a time, up to the top of the house; where they went to bed, and so subsided.

And now Scrooge looked on more attentively than ever, when the master of the house, having his daughter leaning fondly on him, sat down with her and her mother at his own fireside; and when he thought that such another creature, quite as graceful and as full of promise, might have called him father, and been a spring-time in the haggard winter of his life, his sight grew very dim indeed. "Belle," said the husband, turning to his wife with a smile, "I saw an old friend of yours this afternoon." "Who was it?"

"Guess!"

"How can I? Tut, don't I know," she added in the same breath, laughing as he laughed. "Mr. Scrooge." "Mr. Scrooge it was. I passed his office window; and as it was not shut up, and he had a candle inside, I could scarcely help seeing him. His partner lies upon the point of death. I hear: and there he sat alone. Quite alone in the world, I do believe."

"Spirit!" said Scrooge in a broken voice, "remove me from this place."

"I told you these were shadows of the things that have been," said the Ghost. "That they are what they are, do not blame me!"

"Remove me!" Scrooge exclaimed, "I cannot bear it!"

Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present ideas about family in A Christmas Carol?

Wednesday 29th January		An Inspector Calls
	You should choose <b>one</b> question	n to plan an answer.
01.		Mr Birling as a selfish individual in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .
or	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
02.	Explore how Priestley presents	ideas about gender inequality in An Inspector Calls.

# Thursday 30th January

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present the power of nature in 'Storm on the Island' and one other poem.

### Storm on the Island - Seamus Heaney

We are prepared: we build our houses squat, Sink walls in rock and roof them with good slate. This wizened earth has never troubled us With hay, so, as you see, there are no stacks Or stooks that can be lost. Nor are there trees Which might prove company when it blows full Blast: you know what i mean — leaves and branches Can raise a tragic chorus in a gale So that you listen to the thing you fear Forgetting that it pummels your house too. But there are no trees, no natural shelter. You might think that the sea is company, Exploding comfortably down on the cliffs, But no: when it begins, the flung spray hits The very windows, spits like a tame cat Turned savage. We just sit tight while wind dives And strafes invisibly. Space is a salvo, We are bombarded by the empty air. Strange, it is a huge nothing that we fear.

# Unseen poetry and language paper 2

### **UNSEEN POETRY**

### Quickdraw

I wear the two, the mobile and the landline phones, like guns, slung from the pockets on my hips. I'm all alone. You ring, quickdraw, your voice a pellet in my ear, and hear me groan.

You've wounded me.

Next time, you speak after the tone. I twirl the phone, then squeeze the trigger of my tonge, wide of the mark. You choose your spot, then blast me

through the heart.

And this is love, high noon, calamity, hard liquor in the old Last Chance saloon. I show the mobile to the sheriff; in my boot, another one's

concealed. You text them both at once. I reel. Down on my knees, I fumble for the phone, read the silver bullets of your kiss. Take this ... and this ... and this ... and this ...

- Carol Ann Duffy

How does the poet present the speaker's attitude towards her relationship and mobile phones?

### LANGUAGE PAPER 2

Q3: How does the writer use language to convey their feelings about mobile phones.

# SOURCE A - 2024 - Will Klempner 'Hunched over my smartphone while my family slept, I knew I had to break my addiction. But how?'

I can't pinpoint the exact moment I became addicted to my phone. It happens without you noticing, like a frog slowly boiling in a pot. I always told myself my excessive screen time wasn't a big deal, that my life was better with my phone in it. I made every excuse in the book: I was learning new things, keeping my finger on the pulse, being an efficient employee and staying up to date with the people I love. But in reality, none of that was true. My phone was such a powerful drug precisely because it gave me the illusion that it held infinite possibilities. But my experience of time and culture had slowly become flattened into two-dimensional memes and philosophical quotes, and I would bypass anything real messages unanswered, calls unreturned - in favour of getting the next hit of dopamine. I found myself numb, disconnected from the world around me and unable to concentrate on anything for longer than a few minutes.

At the peak of my addiction, I would sit in the bathroom for hours after my wife had gone to bed, mindlessly scrolling, until I'd look up and realise another evening had slipped away, and all I had to show for it was a stiff neck and a sore thumb. By this point, the screen had become an escape from feelings of self-hate, and I knew something had to change. So I turned to the only resource I thought could help me. There's a certain irony in thinking that the solution to a problem with phone addiction can be found on your phone. But that's the insidiousness of the whole thing. I set time limits, sought out podcasts and resources on how to claim back my attention. I had my wife apply a password to any app that wasn't deemed "essential". But in every instance, I found a way round it. And without immediate access to social media, I found myself scrolling through anything I could get my thumb on: photos, notes - even the weather app. Continental flights bad been cancelled by evening.

**Q5** "Mobile phones are addictive, costly, and ultimately dangerous. We should prevent children from having access to mobile phones" - Write a speech for your teachers about mobile phones and teenagers.

# Monday 3rd February

Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 3 scene 4. Macbeth is at the banquet and sees Banquo's ghost.

### **MACBETH**

Thou canst not say I did it: never shake

Thy gory locks at me.

### **ROSS**

Gentlemen, rise: his highness is not well.

### LADY MACBETH

Sit, worthy friends: my lord is often thus,

And hath been from his youth: pray you, keep seat;

The fit is momentary; upon a thought

He will again be well: if much you note him,

You shall offend him and extend his passion:

Feed, and regard him not. Are you a man?

### **MACBETH**

Ay, and a bold one, that dare look on that Which might appal the devil.

### LADY MACBETH

O proper stuff!

This is the very painting of your fear:

This is the air-drawn dagger which, you said,

Led you to Duncan. O, these flaws and starts,

Impostors to true fear, would well become

A woman's story at a winter's fire,

Authorized by her grandam. Shame itself!

Why do you make such faces? When all's done,

You look but on a stool.

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present ideas about gender in <i>Macbet</i>	h:
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# Tuesday 4th February

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 3. Scrooge is with the Ghost of Christmas Present as he witnesses the different ways people celebrate Christmas.

"What place is this?" asked Scrooge.

"A place where Miners live, who labour in the bowels of the earth," returned the Spirit. "But they know me. See."

A light shone from the window of a hut, and swiftly they advanced towards it. Passing through the wall of mud and stone, they found a cheerful company assembled round a glowing fire. An old, old man and woman, with their children and their children's children, and another generation beyond that, all decked out gaily in their holiday attire. The old man, in a voice that seldom rose above the howling of the wind upon the barren waste, was singing them a Christmas song -- it had been a very old song when he was a boy -- and from time to time they all joined in the chorus. So surely as they raised their voices, the old man got quite blithe and loud; and so surely as they stopped, his vigour sank again.

The Spirit did not tarry here, but bade Scrooge hold his robe, and passing on above the moor, sped -- whither. Not to sea? To sea. To Scrooge's horror, looking back, he saw the last of the land, a frightful range of rocks, behind them; and his ears were deafened by the thundering of water, as it rolled and roared, and raged among the dreadful caverns it had worn, and fiercely tried to undermine the earth.

Built upon a dismal reef of sunken rocks, some league or so from shore, on which the waters chafed and dashed, the wild year through, there stood a solitary lighthouse. Great heaps of seaweed clung to its base, and storm-birds born of the wind one might suppose, as sea-weed of the water rose and fell about it, like the waves they skimmed.  But even here, two men who watched the light had made a fire, that through the loophole in the thick stone wall shed out a ray of brightness on the awful sea. Joining their horny hands over the rough table at which they sat, they wished each other Merry Christmas in their can of grog; and one of them: the elder, too, with his face all damaged and scarred with hard weather, as the figure-head of an old ship might be: struck up a sturdy song that was like a Gale in itself.	
Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present ideas about Christmas time in A Christmas Carol?	

Wednesday 5th February		An Inspector Calls
	You should choose <b>one</b> question	n to plan an answer.
01.	Explore how Priestley presents	Sheila as a character who changes throughout the play.
or		
02.	Explore how Priestley presents	ideas about the impact of guilt in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .

# Thursday 6th February

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present the power of a place in 'The Emigree' and one other poem.

### The Emigree - Carol Rumens

There once was a country... I left it as a child but my memory of it is sunlight-clear for it seems I never saw it in that November which, I am told, comes to the mildest city. The worst news I receive of it cannot break my original view, the bright, filled paperweight. It may be at war, it may be sick with tyrants, but I am branded by an impression of sunlight.

The white streets of that city, the graceful slopes glow even clearer as time rolls its tanks and the frontiers rise between us, close like waves. That child's vocabulary I carried here like a hollow doll, opens and spills a grammar. Soon I shall have every coloured molecule of it. It may by now be a lie, banned by the state but I can't get it off my tongue. It tastes of sunlight.

I have no passport, there's no way back at all but my city comes to me in its own white plane. It lies down in front of me, docile as paper; I comb its hair and love its shining eyes. My city takes me dancing through the city of walls. They accuse me of absence, they circle me. They accuse me of being dark in their free city. My city hides behind me. They mutter death, and my shadow falls as evidence of sunlight.

# Unseen poetry and language paper 2

### **UNSEEN POETRY**

### Make the Ordinary Come Alive

Do not ask your children to strive for extraordinary lives. Such striving may seem admirable, but it is a way of foolishness. Help them instead to find the wonder and the marvel of an ordinary life. Show them the joy of tasting tomatoes, apples, and pears. Show them how to cry when pets and people die. Show them the infinite pleasure in the touch of a hand. And make the ordinary come alive for them. The extraordinary will take care of itself.

- William Martin

How does the poet present the speaker's attitude towards life and being a parent?

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 2**

Q4: Compare the writers' viewpoints on Covent Garden Market.

**SOURCE A - 1872 -** Covent Garden Market, however, is the most famous place of barter in England:, it has been said, by people who forget the historical Halle of Paris, in the world. A stroll through it, and around it, when the market is opening on a summer morning, between four and five, affords the visitor a score of points of interest, and some matter for reflection. As at Billingsgate and in the Borough, the surrounding streets are choked with waggons and barrows. The street vendors are of all kinds, and of the poorest of each kind, if the coffee stall keepers be excepted. The porters amble in all directions under loads of prodigious bulk. Lifted upon stalwart shoulders, towers of baskets travel about. From the tails of carts producers or "higglers" are selling off mountainous loads of cabbages. The air is fragrant with fruit to the north, and redolent of stale vegetables to the south. The piazzas, of pleasant memory and where a few noteworthy social clubs still linger, are alive with stalls, scattered sieves, market-gardeners, greengrocers, poor women and children in troops (these are everywhere on our way), and hawkers old and young eagerly on the look out for an advantageous transaction with a higgler, or direct from the producer. Within the market enclosure the stacks of vegetables, and the piles of fruit baskets and boxes, are of startling extent.

SOURCE B - 2023 - Ah, Covent Garden. As someone with expensive taste, it's one of my favourite places to go in London - regardless of whether I'm popping into a cosy pub or picking up some street food. However, as a self-confessed, reckless shopaholic I am determined to stop spending so much this year. So in a bid to ignore the siren calls of store windows, my new mantra is shopping at markets. Covent Garden Market is a magnet for tourists. Having never properly been before, I decided to head along one Wednesday afternoon to see if I could pick up something for less than a fiver. My first visit was to Apple Market, which was rather easy to spot with its central location within the historic piazza. As soon as I stepped up to the first trader I knew that this challenge was a risky investment. The little artisan stalls were all brimming with a wide variety of gifts - from handmade jewellery to prints of the City of London. However, one thing remained the same. Cost. Everything was spoiled by the hefty prices. For a tiny bracelet or ring you had to fork out over £20 and if you wanted the most basic keyring - that was a whopping £8. Also, there was hardly any variation. It was just a repeat of the predictable: jewellery, London merchandise, bars of soap and hand-made prints.

# Monday 10th February

Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 4 scene 1. Macbeth has returned to the witches as King of Scotland.

### **Second Witch**

By the pricking of my thumbs, Something wicked this way comes.

Open, locks,

Whoever knocks!

Enter MACBETH

### **MACBETH**

How now, you secret, black, and midnight hags!

What is't you do?

**ALL** 

A deed without a name.

### **MACBETH**

I conjure you, by that which you profess,

Howe'er you come to know it, answer me:

Though you untie the winds and let them fight

Against the churches; though the yesty waves

Confound and swallow navigation up; Though bladed corn be lodged and trees blown down; Though castles topple on their warders' heads; Though palaces and pyramids do slope Their heads to their foundations; though the treasure Of nature's germens tumble all together, Even till destruction sicken; answer me To what I ask you.
Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present ideas about the supernatural in <i>Macbeth?</i>

# Tuesday 11th February

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 4. Scrooge is at the graveyard with the Ghost of Christmas Yet to Come.

"Before I draw nearer to that stone to which you point," said Scrooge, "answer me one question. Are these the shadows of the things that Will be, or are they shadows of things that May be, only?" Still the Ghost pointed downward to the grave by which it stood.

"Men's courses will foreshadow certain ends, to which, if persevered in, they must lead," said Scrooge. "But if the courses be departed from, the ends will change. Say it is thus with what you show me."

The Spirit was immovable as ever.

Scrooge crept towards it, trembling as he went; and following the finger, read upon the stone of the neglected grave his own name, EBENEZER SCROOGE.

"Am I that man who lay upon the bed?" he cried, upon his knees.

The finger pointed from the grave to him, and back again.

"No, Spirit! Oh no, no!"

The finger still was there.

"Spirit!" he cried, tight clutching at its robe, "hear me. I am not the man I was. I will not be the man I must have been but for this intercourse. Why show me this, if I am past all hope?"

For the first time the hand appeared to shake.

"Good Spirit," he pursued, as down upon the ground he fell before it: "Your nature intercedes for me, and pities me. Assure me that I yet may change these shadows you have shown me, by an altered life." The kind hand trembled.

"I will honour Christmas in my heart, and try to keep it all the year. I will live in the Past, the Present, and the Future. The Spirits of all Three shall strive within me. I will not shut out the lessons that they teach. Oh, tell me I may sponge away the writing on this stone!"

In his agony, he caught the spectral hand. It sought to free itself, but he was strong in his entreaty, and detained it. The Spirit, stronger yet, repulsed him.

Holding up his hands in a last prayer to have his fate aye reversed, he saw an alteration in the Phantom's hood and dress. It shrunk, collapsed, and dwindled down into a bedpost. Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present the impact of the supernatural in A Christmas Carol?

Wednesday 12th February		An Inspector Calls
	You should choose <b>one</b> question	n to plan an answer.
01.		Eric as a character who learns lessons in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .
or		
02.	Explore how Priestley presents	the older generation in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .
<u> </u>	Explore now i riesticy presents	the older generation in the mappeter ealth.

# Thursday 13th February

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present the power of nature in 'Storm on the Island' and one other poem.

### War Photographer - Carol Ann Duffy

In his dark room he is finally alone with spools of suffering set out in ordered rows. The only light is red and softly glows, as though this were a church and he a priest preparing to intone a Mass. Belfast. Beirut. Phnom Penh. All flesh is grass.

He has a job to do. Solutions slop in trays beneath his hands, which did not tremble then though seem to now. Rural England. Home again to ordinary pain which simple weather can dispel, to fields which don't explode beneath the feet of running children in a nightmare heat.

Something is happening. A stranger's features faintly start to twist before his eyes, a half-formed ghost. He remembers the cries of this man's wife, how he sought approval without words to do what someone must and how the blood stained into foreign dust.

A hundred agonies in black and white from which his editor will pick out five or six for Sunday's supplement. The reader's eyeballs prick with tears between the bath and pre-lunch beers. From the aeroplane he stares impassively at where he earns his living and they do not care.

# Unseen poetry and language paper 2

### **UNSEEN POETRY**

### Grief

Trying to remember you is like carrying water in my hands a long distance across sand. Somewhere people are waiting. They have drunk nothing for days.

Your name was the food I lived on; now my mouth is full of dirt and ash. To say your name was to be surrounded by feathers and silk; now, reaching out, I touch glass and barbed wire. Your name was the thread connecting my life; now I am fragments on a tailor's floor.

I was dancing when I learned of your death; may my feet be severed from my body

- Stephen Dobyns

How does the poet present the speaker's attitude towards loss and losing another person?

### LANGUAGE PAPER 2

Q3: How does the writer use language to convey their feelings about mobile phones.

# SOURCE A - 2025 - Chloe Hamilton 'Fast fashion is an addiction. Secondhand shopping mania may be just as bad'

Guess how much this was," I say to my partner mischievously, revealing with relish the latest toy I've found for our youngest son. It's wooden, Montessori in style (apparently a ball dropping through a hole teaches him object permanence), and retails at about £20 new. "A quid," my partner proffers, wearily: he is savvy to this game by now. This time, though, I can go one better. "Free!" I screech with glee. "Free! Can you believe that? Someone was giving it away on that secondhand WhatApp group." I'm giddy with my find, drunk on the size of the bargain, but, as I add the new (to me) toy to the teetering pile of others - dolls, a tunnel, toy cars, a lunchbox - I can feel something - guilt, I think - gnawing away at me. Am I a secondhand overconsumer?

I've always been a champion of secondhand shopping. I was plundering charity shops before it was cool and, in a tale that has become family folklore, once found a standard lamp in a branch of the British Heart Foundation and carried it home on the bus. In fairness, that lamp has moved house with me seven times and still stands, resplendent, in my living room. But I fear too many of my other secondhand purchases have been flash-in-the-pan dopamine hits. These purchases gather dust in our bedroom, the study, my son's toy box. Clothes I've bought from charity shops, heady with the exhilaration of them being "only £5", lie crumpled and forgotten in the depths of my wardrobe before, months later, being dragged out and sold on Vinted for a couple of quid. And still I buy more, ensnared in the grip of what I've started to believe is something akin to an addiction.

Like other addicts, I convince myself my bargain-hunting habit isn't, actually, unhealthy - something that's surprisingly easy to do these days. Everyone, everywhere, is extolling to me the virtues of secondhand shopping: for the environment, for my wallet, for charities in need of funds. Apps (I have them all: Vinted, Depop, eBay) fuel my habit. I scroll through cheap clothes and toys at night and, at times, find myself unable to sleep because of the buzzy excitement of a purchase. I track my item's delivery, logging on to the apps regularly to watch the dress, skirt or bag travel across the country. Of course, this is the most exciting bit. Inevitably, when whatever I've bought arrives - dropped off by a now familiar delivery driver - the anticipation evaporates.

# Monday 10th March

# Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 5 scene 8. Macbeth faces Macduff during the attack on Scotland.

### **MACDUFF**

Tell thee, Macduff was from his mother's womb Untimely ripp'd.

### **MACBETH**

Accursed be that tongue that tells me so, For it hath cow'd my better part of man! And be these juggling fiends no more believed, That palter with us in a double sense; That keep the word of promise to our ear, And break it to our hope. I'll not fight with thee.

### **MACDUFF**

Then yield thee, coward, And live to be the show and gaze o' the time: We'll have thee, as our rarer monsters are, Painted on a pole, and underwrit, 'Here may you see the tyrant.'

### MACBETH

I will not yield,

To kiss the ground before young Malcolm's feet, And to be baited with the rabble's curse. Though Birnam wood be come to Dunsinane, And thou opposed, being of no woman born, Yet I will try the last. Before my body I throw my warlike shield. Lay on, Macduff, And damn'd be him that first cries, 'Hold, enough!'

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present Macbeth as a character who changes in *Macbeth?* 

# Tuesday 11th March

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 5. Scrooge goes to Fred's house on Christmas day.

He had never dreamed that any walk -- that anything -- could give him so much happiness. In the afternoon he turned his steps towards his nephew's house.

He passed the door a dozen times, before he had the courage to go up and knock. But he made a dash, and did it:

"Is your master at home, my dear?" said Scrooge to the girl. Nice girl. Very.

"Yes, sir."

"Where is he, my love?" said Scrooge.

"He's in the dining-room, sir, along with mistress. I'll show you up-stairs, if you please."

"Thank you. He knows me," said Scrooge, with his hand already on the dining-room lock. "I'll go in here, my dear."

He turned it gently, and sidled his face in, round the door. They were looking at the table (which was spread out in great array); for these young housekeepers are always nervous on such points, and like to see that everything is right.

"Fred!" said Scrooge.

Dear heart alive, how his niece by marriage started. Scrooge had forgotten, for the moment, about her sitting in the corner with the footstool, or he wouldn't have done it, on any account.

"Why bless my soul!" cried Fred," who's that?"  "It's I. Your uncle Scrooge. I have come to dinner. Will you let me in, Fred?"  Let him in! It is a mercy he didn't shake his arm off. He was at home in five minutes. Nothing could be heartier. His niece looked just the same. So did Topper when he came. So did the plump sister when she came. So did every one when they came. Wonderful party, wonderful games, wonderful unanimity, won-der-ful happiness!
Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present Scrooge as a changed character in A Christmas Carol?

Wednesday 12th March		An Inspector Calls		
	You should choose <b>one</b> question to plan an answer.			
01.	Explore how Priestley presents Gerald as a character who resists change in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .			
or				
02.	Explore how Priestley presents	ideas how society needs to change in An Inspector Calls.		

# Thursday 13th March

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present the ways war changes people in 'Bayonet Charge' and one other poem.

### **Bayonet Charge - Ted Hughes**

Suddenly he awoke and was running- raw In raw-seamed hot khaki, his sweat heavy, Stumbling across a field of clods towards a green hedge That dazzled with rifle fire, hearing Bullets smacking the belly out of the air - He lugged a rifle numb as a smashed arm; The patriotic tear that had brimmed in his eye Sweating like molten iron from the centre of his chest,

In bewilderment then he almost stopped - In what cold clockwork of the stars and the nations Was he the hand pointing that second? He was running Like a man who has jumped up in the dark and runs Listening between his footfalls for the reason Of his still running, and his foot hung like Statuary in mid-stride. Then the shot-slashed furrows

Threw up a yellow hare that rolled like a flame And crawled in a threshing circle, its mouth wide Open silent, its eyes standing out. He plunged past with his bayonet toward the green hedge, King, honour, human dignity, etcetera Dropped like luxuries in a yelling alarm To get out of that blue crackling air His terror's touchy dynamite.

# Unseen poetry and language paper 1

### **UNSEEN POETRY**

### The Mountain Climber

We can show human on the rock against white sky and ground. We can give the chemical composition of the white, an altitude

from which the horizon will be different - they will see more sky and the land laid out flat. Anyone can guess the effort - the mountain

is bigger than the human, their position precarious. But how do we show the way they wake on Monday morning with the mountain in their mind granite and unavoidable? Or the test of their muscles that helps them understand their strength

the way this ambition moves them through their days how skin grows back imperfect over scraped hands

how a fallen body decides to try again as difficult as that might seem as seemingly pointless.

- Suzannah Evans

How does the poet present the speaker's feelings about life?

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 1**

### Question 5

Write a description as suggested by this picture



### Or

Write the opening of a story that starts with travelling to a new place

### Question 5

Write a description as suggested by this picture



### Or

Write the opening of a story that starts with something unexpected

# Monday 17th March

# Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 1 scene 5. Macbeth has just arrived home after the war.

### **MACBETH**

My dearest love,

Duncan comes here to-night.

### LADY MACBETH

And when goes hence?

### **MACBETH**

To-morrow, as he purposes.

### LADY MACBETH

O, never

Shall sun that morrow see!

Your face, my thane, is as a book where men

May read strange matters. To beguile the time,

Look like the time; bear welcome in your eye,

Your hand, your tongue: look like the innocent flower,

But be the serpent under't. He that's coming

Must be provided for: and you shall put

This night's great business into my dispatch;

Which shall to all our nights and days to come

Give solely sovereign sway and masterdom.

### **MACBETH**

We will speak further.

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present the relationship between Macbeth and Lady Macbeth in *Macbeth?* 

# Tuesday 18th March

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 1. Fred visits Scrooge on Christmas Eve.

"Why did you get married?" said Scrooge.

"Because I fell in love."

"Because you fell in love!" growled Scrooge, as if that were the only one thing in the world more ridiculous than a merry Christmas. "Good afternoon!"

"Nay, uncle, but you never came to see me before that happened. Why give it as a reason for not coming now?"

"Good afternoon," said Scrooge.

"I want nothing from you; I ask nothing of you; why cannot we be friends?"

"Good afternoon," said Scrooge.

"I am sorry, with all my heart, to find you so resolute. We have never had any guarrel, to which I have been a party. But I have made the trial in homage to Christmas, and I'll keep my Christmas humour to the last. So A Merry Christmas, uncle!"

"Good afternoon," said Scrooge.

"And A Happy New Year!"

"Good afternoon!" said Scrooge.

His nephew left the room without an angry word, notwithstanding. He stopped at the outer door to bestow the greetings of the season on the clerk, who cold as he was, was warmer than Scrooge; for he returned them cordially. "There's another fellow," muttered Scrooge; who overheard him: "my clerk, with fifteen shillings a week, and a wife and family, talking about a merry Christmas. I'll retire to Bedlam." Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present Scrooge's relationships with others in A Christmas Carol?

Wednesday 19th March		An Inspector Calls
	You should choose <b>one</b> question	ı to plan an answer.
01.		
or		
02.	Explore how Priestley presents the relationships between members of the Birling family in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .	

# Thursday 20th March

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present the power of relationships in 'Poppies' and one other poem.

### Poppies - Jane Weir

Three days before Armistice Sunday and poppies had already been placed on individual war graves. Before you left, I pinned one onto your lapel, crimped petals, spasms of paper red, disrupting a blockade of yellow bias binding around your blazer.

Sellotape bandaged around my hand, I rounded up as many white cat hairs as I could, smoothed down your shirt's upturned collar, steeled the softening of my face. I wanted to graze my nose across the tip of your nose, play at being Eskimos like we did when you were little. I resisted the impulse to run my fingers through the gelled blackthorns of your hair. All my words flattened, rolled, turned into felt,

slowly melting. I was brave, as I walked with you, to the front door, threw it open, the world overflowing like a treasure chest. A split second and you were away, intoxicated. After you'd gone I went into your bedroom, released a song bird from its cage. Later a single dove flew from the pear tree, and this is where it has led me, skirting the church yard walls, my stomach busy making tucks, darts, pleats, hat-less, without a winter coat or reinforcements of scarf, gloves.

On reaching the top of the hill I traced the inscriptions on the war memorial, leaned against it like a wishbone. The dove pulled freely against the sky, an ornamental stitch. I listened, hoping to hear your playground voice catching on the wind.

# Language papers 1 and 2

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 1**

At first, all seemed very quiet, very still, and I wondered why I had awoken. Then, with a missed heart-beat, I realize that Spider was up and standing at the door. Every hair of her body was on end, her ears were pricked, her tail erect, the whole of her tense, as if ready to spring. And she was emitting a soft, low growl from deep in her throat. I sat up paralysed, frozen, in the bed, conscious only of the dog and of the prickling of my own skin and of what suddenly seemed a different kind of silence, ominous and dreadful. And then, from somewhere within the depths of the house—but somewhere not very far from the room in which I was—I heard a noise. It was a faint noise, and, strain my ears as I might, I could not make out exactly what it was. It was a sound like a regular yet intermittent bump or rumble. Nothing else happened. There were no footsteps, no creaking floorboards, the air was absolutely still, the wind did not moan through the casement. Only the muffled noise went on and the dog continued to stand, bristling at the door, now putting her nose to the gap at the bottom and snuffling along, now taking a pace backwards, head cocked and, like me, listening, listening. And, every so often, she growled again.

In the end, I suppose because nothing else happened and because I did have the dog to take with me, I managed to get out of bed, though I was shaken and my heart beat uncomfortably fast within me. But it took some time for me to find sufficient reserves of courage to enable me to open the bedroom door and stand out in the dark corridor. The moment I did so, Spider shot ahead and I heard her padding about, sniffing intently at every closed door, still growling and grumbling down in her throat.

After a while, I heard the odd sound again. It seemed to be coming from along the passage to my left, at the very far end. But it was still quite impossible to identify. Very cautiously, listening, hardly breathing, I ventured a few steps in that direction. Spider went ahead of me, the passage led only to three other bedrooms on either side and, one by one, regaining my nerve as I went, I opened them and looked inside each one. Nothing, only heavy old furniture and empty unmade beds and, in the rooms at the back of the house, moonlight. Down below me on the ground floor of the house, silence, a seething, blanketing, almost tangible silence, and a musty darkness, thick as felt.

And then I reached the door at the very end of the passage. Spider was there before me and her body, as she sniffed beneath it, went rigid, her growling grew louder. I put my hand on her collar, stroked the rough, short hair, as much for my own reassurance as for hers. I could feel the tension in her limbs and body and it answered to my own. This was the door without a keyhole, which I had been unable to open on my first visit to Eel Marsh House. I had no idea what was beyond it. Except the sound.

Q1: Use only the first paragraph. List four things you learn about the dog and its behaviour.

Q3: How has the writer structured the text to interest you as a reader?

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 2**

Q3: How does the writer use language to convey their feelings about free school meals?

SOURCE A - 2024 - Sadiq Khan 'As a child I needed free school meals, as mayor, I provide them.' Hunger has a crippling influence on a child's development. It robs them of their focus, energy and ambition. Hungry children in our classrooms are a source of national shame in a country as prosperous as ours. A growing number in London would have been unconscionable.

It is why, at the height of the cost of living crisis, and for the first time ever in our city, I took the decision to fund universal free primary school meals from City Hall. Now in its second year, the policy means that every pupil, in every state primary on every school day, can share a hot, healthy lunch with their classmates. In the first year of the scheme, more than 43m meals were served, benefiting up to 287,000 children. An independent report published this week confirms that our universal free school meals programme is proving a universal success for children, families, staff and schools - including in ways we did not anticipate.

Principally, the policy was introduced as a cost of living measure, and it has succeeded by helping parents and carers to save more than £1,000 per child since its inception. Yesterday's report shows that 84% of families reported free school meals improved household finances. In many cases children were attending after-school clubs and trips, having previously been financially excluded.

The research also highlights an improvement in the health and wellbeing of children. Pupils enjoy school more and can concentrate for longer. Schools reported that classrooms are calmer and more productive. Children even tried new food - a triumph for every parent to celebrate. And by reducing financial stress on parents and carers, their mental wellbeing was similarly enhanced. Across the board, we see that those struggling the most are benefiting the most.

Q5: "All students should be entitled to free meals at school. If we value education, we will feed our children to make sure they're able to learn and engage" - Write an article giving your viewpoint.

# Monday 24th March

# Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 5 scene 1. The doctor and gentlewoman watch Lady Macbeth.

### **Doctor**

How came she by that light?

### Gentlewoman

Why, it stood by her: she has light by her continually; 'tis her command.

### Doctor

You see, her eyes are open.

### Gentlewoman

Ay, but their sense is shut.

Doctor

What is it she does now? Look, how she rubs her hands.

### Gentlewoman

It is an accustomed action with her, to seem thus washing her hands: I have known her continue in this a quarter of an hour.

### LADY MACBETH

Yet here's a spot.

#### Doctor

Hark! she speaks: I will set down what comes from her, to satisfy my remembrance the more strongly.

### LADY MACBETH

Out, damned spot! out, I say!--One: two: why, then, 'tis time to do't.--Hell is murky!--Fie, my lord, fie! a soldier, and afeard? What need we fear who knows it, when none can call our power to account?--Yet who would have thought the old man to have had so much blood in him.

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present the impact of memories in Macbeth?

# Tuesday 25th March

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 2. Scrooge is watching his memories of his younger years.

"Always a delicate creature, whom a breath might have withered," said the Ghost. "But she had a large heart!"

"So she had," cried Scrooge. "You're right. I'll not gainsay it, Spirit. God forbid!"

"She died a woman," said the Ghost, "and had, as I think, children."

"One child," Scrooge returned.

"True," said the Ghost. "Your nephew!"

Scrooge seemed uneasy in his mind; and answered briefly, "Yes."

Although they had but that moment left the school behind them, they were now in the busy thoroughfares of a city, where shadowy passengers passed and repassed; where shadowy carts and coaches battle for the way, and all the strife and tumult of a real city were. It was made plain enough, by the dressing of the shops, that here too it was Christmas time again; but it was evening, and the streets were lighted up.

The Ghost stopped at a certain warehouse door, and asked Scrooge if he knew it.

"Know it!" said Scrooge. "Was I apprenticed here?"

They went in. At sight of an old gentleman in a Welsh wig, sitting behind such a high desk, that if he had been two inches taller he must have knocked his head against the ceiling, Scrooge cried in great excitement:

"Why, it's old Fezziwig! Bless his heart; it's Fezziwig alive again!"

Old Fezziwig laid down his pen, and looked up at the clock, which pointed to the hour of seven. He rubbed his hands; adjusted his capacious waistcoat; laughed all over himself, from his shows to his organ of benevolence; and called out in a comfortable, oily, rich, fat, jovial voice. Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present the power of memories in A Christmas Carol?

Wednesday 26th March		An Inspector Calls		
	You should choose <b>one</b> question to plan an answer.			
01	Explore how Priestley presents the Inspector as a powerful character in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .			
01.	explore flow Priestley presents	the hispector as a powerful character in An hispector calls.		
or				
02.	Explore how Priestley uses memories of Eva Smith to create guilt for the characters in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .			

# Thursday 27th March

### **Poetry**

Compare how poets present the impact of memory in 'Remains' and one other poem.

### **Remains - Simon Armitage**

On another occasion, we got sent out to tackle looters raiding a bank. And one of them legs it up the road, probably armed, possibly not.

Well myself and somebody else and somebody else are all of the same mind, so all three of us open fire.

Three of a kind all letting fly, and I swear

I see every round as it rips through his life - I see broad daylight on the other side. So we've hit this looter a dozen times and he's there on the ground, sort of inside out,

pain itself, the image of agony. One of my mates goes by and tosses his guts back into his body. Then he's carted off in the back of a lorry. End of story, except not really. His blood-shadow stays on the street, and out on patrol I walk right over it week after week. Then I'm home on leave. But I blink

and he bursts again through the doors of the bank. Sleep, and he's probably armed, and possibly not. Dream, and he's torn apart by a dozen rounds. And the drink and the drugs won't flush him out -

he's here in my head when I close my eyes, dug in behind enemy lines, not left for dead in some distant, sun-stunned, sand smothered land or six-feet-under in desert sand,

but near to the knuckle, here and now, his bloody life in my bloody hands.

### Language papers 1 and 2

### LANGUAGE PAPER 1

Q2 How does writer use language to present the narrator's feelings towards Calpurnia?

Calpurnia was something else again. She was all angles and bones; she was near-sighted; she squinted; her hand was wide as a bed slat and twice as hard. She was always ordering me out of the kitchen, asking me why I couldn't behave as well 20.as Jem when she knew he was older, and calling me home when I wasn't ready to come. Our battles were epic and one-sided. Calpurnia always won, mainly because Atticus always took her side. She had been with us ever since Jem was born, and I had felt her tyrannical presence as long as I could remember.

- To Kill a Mockingbird, Harper Lee

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 2**

Q4: Compare the writers' viewpoints on school attendance

# SOURCE A - 2024 - Gillian Harvey 'Labour is cracking down on truants, but as a mother and exteacher, I know tough love goes only so far'

When the education secretary, Bridget Phillipson, vowed last week to get "tough" on persistent school absenteeism, you might have expected someone like me - a former teacher, a mother of five and a firm believer in education - to applaud. There is plenty to welcome in Phillipson's announcement: she has pledged to support parents and help children get back into the classroom. But when this approach doesn't work, she is prepared to get "tough" - implying that the parents of persistently absent children need to be punished.

Some 21% of pupils in England are now labelled as "persistent absentees" - meaning they miss 10% or more of school time each year. Plenty of evidence suggests that these absences have a devastating impact on a pupil's future: a report last year by the Children's Commissioner for England revealed that only 36% of pupils who were persistently absent passed five or more GCSEs, compared with 78% of regular attenders. There are undoubtedly parents who need a little more stick and less carrot when it comes to ensuring their children are in school, and one approach has been to fine parents (currently, schools in England can issue a fine when children miss five days of school within a year for unauthorised reasons). But to really tackle the problem we need to understand the myriad situations that lead to repeated absence in the first place. Years ago, when I was a teacher in the UK and not yet a parent, I couldn't understand persistent absence, unless a child had a significant medical reason. As far as I was concerned, parents simply had to "make" their children attend school. Then in 2022, my eldest daughter developed school-focused anxiety. We cajoled her, reasoned with her and explained to her the importance of consistent attendance. But it got to the point where she simply felt she couldn't go in. Have you ever been faced with a near-teen who refuses to do something, despite all of your reasoned arguments and exasperated threats? I

### SOURCE B - 1883, George R Sims, How The poor Live

The next to put in an appearance was a lady with a wretched-looking face and a shabby, draggled, out-all-night and drunk-in-the-morning appearance generally. Her profession was stated with official bluntness in the paper handed to the chairman. It is generally translated "street-walker" in family circles.

But, whatever she might be, she had children, and the law required them to come to school. Instead of making their attendances, learning to read and write, the children were street Arabs. The woman was meek and quiet enough. She promised "She'd see to it," and was reminded that she had made the same promise before. This time it was not accepted, and the woman was informed that she would have to appear before a magistrate.

Meekly and quietly she said, "Thank you, sir," as if the chairman had presented her with a medal or a pound of tea, and went out.

The women poured in one after the other - there were very few men, most of them, I suppose, being "at work," whatever that term might imply in their particular case - and they were of all sizes, sorts, and conditions. There were respectable; decent, motherly-looking souls, drunken outcasts, half-starved and sickly-looking women, and fat, overwhelming women, who came not to be crushed, but to crush.

# Monday 31st March

# Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 3 scene 4. Macbeth is speaking to Lady Macbeth following the banquet where he saw Banquo's ghost.

### **MACBETH**

It will have blood; they say, blood will have blood: Stones have been known to move and trees to speak; Augurs and understood relations have By magot-pies and choughs and rooks brought forth The secret'st man of blood. What is the night?

### LADY MACBETH

Almost at odds with morning, which is which.

### **MACBETH**

How say'st thou, that Macduff denies his person At our great bidding?

### LADY MACBETH

Did you send to him, sir?

### **MACBETH**

I hear it by the way; but I will send:
There's not a one of them but in his house
I keep a servant fee'd. I will to-morrow,
And betimes I will, to the weird sisters:
More shall they speak; for now I am bent to know,
By the worst means, the worst. For mine own good,
All causes shall give way: I am in blood
Stepp'd in so far that, should I wade no more,
Returning were as tedious as go o'er:
Strange things I have in head, that will to hand;

Which must be acted ere they may be scann'd. LADY MACBETH

You lack the season of all natures, sleep.

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present ideas about power in Macbeth?

# Tuesday 1st April

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 3. Scrooge watches the Cratchit family Christmas.

At last the dinner was all done, the cloth was cleared, the hearth swept, and the fire made up. The compound in the jug being tasted, and considered perfect, apples and oranges were put upon the table, and a shovel-full of chestnuts on the fire. Then all the Cratchit family drew round the hearth, in what Bob Cratchit called a circle, meaning half a one; and at Bob Cratchit's elbow stood the family display of glass. Two tumblers, and a custard-cup without a handle.

These held the hot stuff from the jug, however, as well as golden goblets would have done; and Bob served it out with beaming looks, while the chestnuts on the fire sputtered and cracked noisily. Then Bob proposed: "A Merry Christmas to us all, my dears. God bless us." Which all the family re-echoed. "God bless us every one!" said Tiny Tim, the last of all.

He sat very close to his father's side upon his little stool. Bob held his withered little hand in his, as if he loved the child, and wished to keep him by his side, and dreaded that he might be taken from him. "Spirit," said Scrooge, with an interest he had never felt before, "tell me if Tiny Tim will live."

"I see a vacant seat," replied the Ghost, "in the poor chimney-corner, and a crutch without an owner,

carefully preserved. If these shadows remain unaltered by the Future, the child will die." "No, no," said Scrooge. "Oh, no, kind Spirit. Say he will be spared." "If these shadows remain unaltered by the Future, none other of my race," returned the Ghost, "will find him here. What then? If he be like to die, he had better do it, and decrease the surplus population."  Scrooge hung his head to hear his own words quoted by the Spirit, and was overcome with penitence and grief.
Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present the supernatural as a powerful influence in <i>A Christmas Carol?</i>

Wednesday 2nd April		An Inspector Calls		
	You should choose <b>one</b> question to plan an answer.			
01.		ideas about the younger generation in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .		
or				
02.	Explore how Priestley presents	ideas about abuse of power in An Inspector Calls.		

# Thursday 3rd April Power and Conflict Poetry Compare how poets present ideas about power in 'Ozymandias' and one other poem. Ozymandias - Percy Bysshe Shelley

I met a traveller from an antique land Who said: "Two vast and trunkless legs of stone Stand in the desert. Near them, on the sand, Half sunk, a shattered visage lies, whose frown, And wrinkled lip, and sneer of cold command, Tell that its sculptor well those passions read Which yet survive, stamped on these lifeless things, The hand that mocked them and the heart that fed: And on the pedestal these words appear: 'My name is Ozymandias, king of kings: Look on my works, ye Mighty, and despair!' Nothing beside remains. Round the decay Of that colossal wreck, boundless and bare

The lone and level sands stretch far away."

# Language paper 1 and Language Paper 2

### LANGUAGE PAPER 1

A mighty fist of wind socked the balloon in two rapid blows, one-two, the second more vicious than the first. It jerked Gadd right out of the basket on to the ground, and with Gadd's considerable weight removed from the equation, it lifted the balloon five feet or so, straight into the air. The rope ran through my grip, scorching my palms, but I managed to keep hold, with two feet of line spare. The others kept hold too. The basket was right above our heads now, and we stood with arms upraised like Sunday bell ringers. Into our amazed silence, before the shouting could resume, the second punch came and knocked the balloon up and westwards. Suddenly we were treading the air with all our weight in the grip of our fists. Those one or two ungrounded seconds occupy as much space in memory as might a long journey up an unchartered river. My first impulse was to hang on in order to keep the balloon weighted down. The child was incapable, and was about to be borne away. Two miles to the left were high-voltage power lines. A child alone and needing help. It was my duty to hang on, and I thought we would all do the same.

Almost simultaneous with the desire to stay on the rope and save the boy came other thoughts of selfpreservation and fear. We were rising, and the ground was dropping away as the balloon was pushed westwards. I knew I had to get my legs and feet locked round the rope. But the end of the line barely reached below my waist and my grip was slipping. My legs flailed in the empty air. Every fraction of a second that passed increased the drop, and the point must come when to let go would be impossible or fatal. Then, someone did let go. Immediately, the balloon and its hangers on lurched upwards another several feet.

Because letting go was in our nature too. Selfishness is also written on our hearts. Mostly, we are good when it makes sense. A good society is one that makes sense of being good. Suddenly, hanging there below the basket, we were a bad society, we were disintegrating. Suddenly the sensible choice was to look out for yourself. The child was not my child, and I was not going to die for it. Then I glimpsed another body fall away and I felt the balloon lurch upwards. The matter was settled. Altruism had no place. Being good made no sense. I let go and fell, I reckon, about twelve feet. I landed heavily on my side, I got away with a bruised thigh. Around me - before or after, I'm not so sure - bodies were thumping to the ground.

By the time I got to my feet the balloon was fifty yards away, and one man was still dangling by his rope. When I stood up and saw him, he was one hundred feet, and rising, just where the ground itself was falling. He wasn't struggling, he wasn't kicking or trying to claw his way up. He hung perfectly still along the line of his rope, all his energies concentrated in his weakening grip. He was already a tiny figure almost black against the sky and as the balloon and its basket lifted away and westwards, the smaller he became and the more terrible it was.

Our silence was a kind of acceptance, a death warrant. Or it was horrified shame. He had been on the rope so long that I began to think he might stay there until the balloon drifted down. But even as I had that hope we saw him slip down right to the end of the rope. And still he hung there. For two seconds, three, four. And then he let go and ruthless gravity played its part. And from somewhere a thin squawk cut through the stilled air. He fell as he had hung, a stiff little black stick. I've never seen such a terrible thing as that falling man.

Q3 How has the writer structured the text to interest you as a reader?

Q4 "The writer creates a vivid picture of this horrifying experience. You feel sympathy for all the characters" - To what extent do you agree?

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 2**

Q5A "The most important subject is physical education. Without being fit and healthy no other learning matters. Secondary schools should run compulsory PE sessions every day."

Write a speech to your teachers giving your views on this statement.

Q5B "Young people should be responsible for the environment. They are the ones who will live on this earth so they should be the ones to protect it."

Write a blog for teenagers offering your views on the environment.

# Monday 7th April

# Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 4 scene 1. Macbeth has just been given his second set of prophecies.

### **MACBETH**

Saw you the weird sisters?

**LENNOX** 

No, my lord.

**MACBETH** 

Came they not by you?

**LENNOX** 

No, indeed, my lord.

**MACBETH** 

Infected be the air whereon they ride;

And damn'd all those that trust them! I did hear

The galloping of horse: who was't came by?

**LENNOX** 

'Tis two or three, my lord, that bring you word

Macduff is fled to England.

**MACBETH** 

Fled to England!

**LENNOX** 

Ay, my good lord.

**MACBETH** 

Time, thou anticipatest my dread exploits:

The flighty purpose never is o'ertook

Unless the deed go with it; from this moment

The very firstlings of my heart shall be

The firstlings of my hand. And even now,

To crown my thoughts with acts, be it thought and done:

The castle of Macduff I will surprise;

Seize upon Fife; give to the edge o' the sword

His wife, his babes, and all unfortunate souls

That trace him in his line. No boasting like a fool;

This deed I'll do before this purpose cool.

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present Macbeth inner conflict in Macbeth?

# Tuesday 8th April

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 4. Scrooge witnesses businessmen reacting to a man's death.

He knew these men, also, perfectly. They were men of ave business; very wealthy, and of great importance. He had made a point always of standing well in their esteem: in a business point of view, that is; strictly in a business point of view.

"How are you?" said one.
"How are you?" returned the other.

"Well!" said the first. "Old Scratch has got his own at last, hey."

"So I am told," returned the second. "Cold, isn't it."

"Seasonable for Christmas time. You're not a skater, I suppose?"

"No. No. Something else to think of. Good morning."

Not another word. That was their meeting, their conversation, and their parting.

Scrooge was at first inclined to be surprised that the Spirit should attach importance to conversations apparently so trivial; but feeling assured that they must have some hidden purpose, he set himself to consider what it was likely to be. They could scarcely be supposed to have any bearing on the death of Jacob, his old partner, for that was Past, and this Ghost's province was the Future. Nor could he think of any one immediately connected with himself, to whom he could apply them. But nothing doubting that to whomsoever they applied they had some latent moral for his own improvement, he resolved to treasure up every word he heard, and everything he saw; and especially to observe the shadow of himself when it appeared. For he had an expectation that the conduct of his future self would give him the clue he missed, and would render the solution of these riddles easy.

He looked about in that very place for his own image; but another man stood in his accustomed corner. and though the clock pointed to his usual time of day for being there, he saw no likeness of himself among the multitudes that poured in through the Porch. It gave him little surprise, however; for he had been revolving in his mind a change of life, and thought and hoped he saw his new-born resolutions carried out in this.

Quiet and dark, beside him stood the Phantom, with its outstretched hand. When he roused himself from his thoughtful quest, he fancied from the turn of the hand, and its situation in reference to himself, that the Unseen Eyes were looking at him keenly. It made him shudder, and feel very cold.

Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present Scrooge's inner conflict in A Christmas Carol?

Wednesday 9th April		An Inspector Calls		
	You should choose <b>one</b> question to plan an answer.			
01.		the conflict between the lower and upper classes <i>An</i>		
or				
02.	Explore how Priestley presents Inspector Calls.	the inspector's conflict with the family members in <i>An</i>		

# Thursday 10th April

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present ideas about conflict in 'Kamikaze' and one other poem.

### Kamikaze - Beatrice Garland

Her father embarked at sunrise with a flask of water, a samurai sword in the cockpit, a shaven head full of powerful incantations and enough fuel for a one-way journey into history

but half way there, she thought, recounting it later to her children, he must have looked far down at the little fishing boats strung out like bunting on a green-blue translucent sea

and beneath them, arcing in swathes like a huge flag waved first one way then the other in a figure of eight, the dark shoals of fishes flashing silver as their bellies swivelled towards the sun

and remembered how he and his brothers waiting on the shore built cairns of pearl-grey pebbles to see whose withstood longest the turbulent inrush of breakers bringing their father's boat safe - yes, grandfather's boat - safe to the shore, salt-sodden, awash with cloud-marked mackerel, black crabs, feathery prawns, the loose silver of whitebait and once a tuna, the dark prince, muscular, dangerous.

And though he came back my mother never spoke again in his presence, nor did she meet his eyes and the neighbours too, they treated him as though he no longer existed, only we children still chattered and laughed

till gradually we too learned to be silent, to live as though he had never returned, that this was no longer the father we loved. And sometimes, she said, he must have wondered which had been the better way to die.

# Unseen poetry and language paper 1

### **UNSEEN POETRY**

How does the poet present the speaker's ideas and attitude towards class and wealth?

### The Class Game by Mary Casey

How can you tell what class I'm from?

I can talk posh like some

With an 'Olly in me mouth

Down me nose, wear an 'at not a scarf

With me second-hand clothes.

So why do you always wince when you hear

Me say 'Tara' to me 'Ma' instead of 'Bye Mummy dear'?

How can you tell what class I'm from?

'Cos we live in a corpy\*, not like some

In a pretty little semi, out Wirral way

And commute into Liverpool by train each day?

Or did I drop my unemployment card

Sitting on your patio (We have a yard)?

How can you tell what class I'm from?

Have I a label on me head, and another on me bum?

Or is it because my hands are stained with toil?

Instead of soft lily-white with perfume and oil?

Don't I crook me little -finger when I drink me tea

Say toilet instead of bog when I want to pee?

Why do you care what class I'm from?

Does it stick in your gullet like a sour plum?

Well, mate! A cleaner is me mother

A docker is me brother

Bread pudding is wet nelly

And me stomach is me belly

And I'm proud of the class that I come from.

\*corpy: Liverpool slang for a council house

### **LANGUAGE PAPER 1**

Q5: Write a description as suggested by the picture or write the opening of a story about a trip.



# Monday 28th April

# Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 2 scene 2. Macbeth has just returned from killing Duncan.

### **MACBETH**

But wherefore could not I pronounce 'Amen'? I had most need of blessing, and 'Amen' Stuck in my throat.

### LADY MACBETH

These deeds must not be thought After these ways; so, it will make us mad.

### MACBETH

Methought I heard a voice cry 'Sleep no more! Macbeth does murder sleep', the innocent sleep, Sleep that knits up the ravell'd sleeve of care, The death of each day's life, sore labour's bath, Balm of hurt minds, great nature's second course, Chief nourisher in life's feast,--

### LADY MACBETH

What do you mean?

### **MACBETH**

Still it cried 'Sleep no more!' to all the house: 'Glamis hath murder'd sleep, and therefore Cawdor Shall sleep no more; Macbeth shall sleep no more.'

### LADY MACBETH

Who was it that thus cried? Why, worthy thane, You do unbend your noble strength, to think So brainsickly of things. Go get some water, And wash this filthy witness from your hand. Why did you bring these daggers from the place? They must lie there: go carry them; and smear The sleepy grooms with blood.

### **MACBETH**

I'll go no more:

I am afraid to think what I have done; Look on't again I dare not.

Starting with this extract, how does Shakespeare present ideas about good and evil in Macbeth?

# Tuesday 29th April

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 5. Scrooge wakes up from his time with the final ghost.

Yes! and the bedpost was his own. The bed was his own, the room was his own. Best and happiest of all, the Time before him was his own, to make amends in!

"I will live in the Past, the Present, and the Future!" Scrooge repeated, as he scrambled out of bed. "The Spirits of all Three shall strive within me. Oh Jacob Marley! Heaven, and the Christmas Time be praised for this. I say it on my knees, old Jacob, on my knees!"

He was so fluttered and so glowing with his good intentions, that his broken voice would scarcely answer to his call. He had been sobbing violently in his conflict with the Spirit, and his face was wet with tears.

"They are not torn down!" cried Scrooge, folding one of his bed-curtains in his arms, "they are not torn down, rings and all. They are here -- I am here -- the shadows of the things that would have been, may be dispelled. They will be! I know they will."

His hands were busy with his garments all this time; turning them inside out, putting them on upside down, tearing them, mislaying them, making them parties to every kind of extravagance. "I don't know what to do!" cried Scrooge, laughing and crying in the same breath; and making a perfect Laocoon of himself with his stockings. "I am as light as a feather, I am as happy as an angel, I am as merry as a schoolboy. I am as giddy as a drunken man. A merry Christmas to everybody! A happy New Year to all the world! Hallo here! Whoop! Hallo!"

He had frisked into the sitting-room, and was now standing there: perfectly winded.

"There's the saucepan that the gruel was in!" cried Scrooge, starting off again, and frisking round the fireplace. "There's the door, by which the Ghost of Jacob Marley entered. There's the corner where the Ghost of Christmas Present, sat. There's the window where I saw the wandering Spirits. It's all right, it's all true, it all happened. Ha ha ha!"

It's all right, it's all true, it all happened. Ha ha ha!" Really, for a man who had been out of practice for so many years, it was a splendid laugh, a most illustrious laugh. The father of a long, long line of brilliant laughs.  Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present ideas about having good morals in A Christmas Card		

Wednesday 30th April		An Inspector Calls		
	You should choose <b>one</b> question to plan an answer.			
01.		ideas about morality in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .		
Or	ZAPIOTO NON TRIOSILO, Presento	radas about moranty mym mapeters canal		
02.	Explore how Priestley presents	the impact of the choices we make in An Inspector Calls.		

# Thursday 1st May

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present ideas about good and bad in 'London' and one other poem.

### London - William Blake

I wander through each chartered street Near where the chartered Thames does flow, And mark in every face I meet Marks of weakness, marks of woe.

In every cry of every Man, In every Infants cry of fear, In every voice: in every ban, The mind-forged manacles I hear:

How the Chimney-sweepers cry Every black'ning Church appalls, And the hapless Soldiers sigh Runs in blood down Palace walls.

But most thro' midnight streets I hear How the youthful Harlots curse Blasts the new-born Infants tear, And blights with plagues the Marriage hearse

# Unseen poetry and language paper 2

### LANGUAGE PAPER 1

There was music from my neighbor's house through the summer nights. In his blue gardens men and girls came and went like moths among the whisperings and the champagne and the stars. At high tide in the afternoon I watched his guests diving from the tower of his raft or taking the sun on the hot sand of his beach while his two motor-boats slit the waters of the Sound, drawing aquaplanes over cataracts of foam. On week-ends his RollsRoyce became an omnibus, bearing parties to and from the city, between nine in the morning and long past midnight, while his station wagon\* scampered like a brisk yellow bug to meet all trains. And on Mondays eight servants including an extra gardener toiled all day with mops and scrubbing-brushes and hammers and gardenshears, repairing the ravages of the night before.

Every Friday five crates of oranges and lemons arrived from a fruiterer in New York—every Monday these same oranges and lemons left his back door in a pyramid of pulpless halves. There was a machine in the kitchen which could extract the juice of two hundred oranges in half an hour, if a little button was pressed two hundred times by a butler's thumb.

At least once a fortnight a corps of caterers came down with several hundred feet of canvas and enough colored lights to make a Christmas tree of Gatsby's enormous garden. On buffet tables, garnished with glistening horsd'oeuvre\*, spiced baked hams crowded against salads of harlequin designs and pastry pigs and turkeys bewitched to a dark gold. In the main hall a bar with a real brass rail was set up, and stocked with gins and liquors and with cordials so long forgotten that most of his female guests were too young to know one from another.

By seven o'clock the orchestra has arrived—no thin five-piece affair but a whole pitful of oboes and trombones and saxophones and viols and cornets and piccolos and low and high drums. The last swimmers have come in from the beach now and are dressing upstairs; the cars from New York are parked five deep in the drive, and already the halls and salons and verandas are gaudy with primary colors and hair shorn in strange new ways and shawls beyond the dreams of Castile. The bar is in full swing and floating rounds of cocktails permeate the garden outside until the air is alive with chatter and laughter and casual innuendo and introductions forgotten on the spot and enthusiastic meetings between women who never knew each other's names.

The lights grow brighter as the earth lurches away from the sun and now the orchestra is playing yellow cocktail music and the opera of voices pitches a key higher. Laughter is easier, minute by minute, spilled with prodigality\*, tipped out at a cheerful word. The groups change more swiftly, swell with new arrivals, dissolve and form in the same breath—already there are wanderers, confident girls who weave here and there among the stouter and more stable, become for a sharp, joyous moment the center of a group and then excited with triumph glide on through the sea-change of faces and voices and color under the constantly changing light. - The opening of 'The Great Gatsby' F Scott Fitzgerald

Q2: How does the writer use language in the first paragraph to present the neighbour's house?

Q3: How has the writer structured the text to interest the reader

Q4: "The writer makes the parties sound exciting and interesting. We want to learn more and this creates a mystery about the neighbour's house" - To what extent do you agree with the statement

Q5: Write a description suggested by the picture or write a story where the narrator attends a party/festival.



# Monday 5th May

# Macbeth

Read the following extract from act 2 scene 1. Macbeth is preparing to kill King Duncan.

### **ROSS**

The king hath happily received, Macbeth,
The news of thy success; and when he reads
Thy personal venture in the rebels' fight,
His wonders and his praises do contend
Which should be thine or his: silenced with that,
In viewing o'er the rest o' the selfsame day,
He finds thee in the stout Norweyan ranks,
Nothing afeard of what thyself didst make,
Strange images of death. As thick as hail
Came post with post; and every one did bear
Thy praises in his kingdom's great defence,
And pour'd them down before him.

### **ANGUS**

We are sent

To give thee from our royal master thanks; Only to herald thee into his sight,

Not pay thee.

### **ROSS**

And, for an earnest of a greater honour, He bade me, from him, call thee thane of Cawdor: In which addition, hail, most worthy thane! For it is thine.

### **BANQUO**

What, can the devil speak true?

### MACBETH

The thane of Cawdor lives: why do you dress me In borrow'd robes?

"Macbeth starts the play as a good human but ends it as an evil human" Starting with this extract, explore your views on this statement.

# Tuesday 6th May

# A Christmas Carol

Read the following extract from stave 2. Scrooge witnesses the end of Fezziwig's ball.

When the clock struck eleven, this domestic ball broke up. Mr and Mrs Fezziwig took their stations, one on either side of the door, and shaking hands with every person individually as he or she went out, wished him or her a Merry Christmas. When everybody had retired but the two prentices, they did the same to them; and thus the cheerful voices died away, and the lads were left to their beds; which were under a counter in the back-shop.

During the whole of this time, Scrooge had acted like a man out of his wits. His heart and soul were in the scene, and with his former self. He corroborated everything, remembered everything, enjoyed everything, and underwent the strangest agitation. It was not until now, when the bright faces of his former self and Dick were turned from them, that he remembered the Ghost, and became conscious that it was looking full upon him, while the light upon its head burnt very clear.

"A small matter," said the Ghost, "to make these silly folks so full of gratitude."

"Small!" echoed Scrooge.

The Spirit signed to him to listen to the two apprentices, who were pouring out their hearts in praise of Fezziwig: and when he had done so, said,

"Why! Is it not! He has spent but a few pounds of your mortal money: three or four perhaps. Is that so much that he deserves this praise?"

"It isn't that," said Scrooge, heated by the remark, and speaking unconsciously like his former, not his latter, self. "It isn't that, Spirit. He has the power to render us happy or unhappy; to make our service light or burdensome; a pleasure or a toil. Say that his power lies in words and looks; in things so slight and insignificant that it is impossible to add and count them up: what then? The happiness he gives, is quite as great as if it cost a fortune."

He felt the Spirit's glance, and stopped.

"What is the matter?" asked the Ghost.

"Nothing in particular," said Scrooge.

"Something, I think?" the Ghost insisted.

"No," said Scrooge, "No. I should like to be able to say a word or two to my clerk just now! That's all."

Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present ideas about the value of kindness in *A Christmas Carol?* 

Wednesday 7th May		An Inspector Calls		
	You should choose <b>one</b> question to plan an answer.			
01.	Explore how Priestley presents ideas about the flaws of humanity in <i>An Inspector Calls</i> .			
or				
02.	Explore how Priestley offers a message to humanity in An Inspector Calls.			

# Thursday 8th May

# **Power and Conflict Poetry**

Compare how poets present the strength of humanity in 'Exposure' and one other poem.

### **Exposure - Wilfred Owen**

Our brains ache, in the merciless iced east winds that knife us...

Wearied we keep awake because the night is silent... Low drooping flares confuse our memory of the salient... Worried by silence, sentries whisper, curious, nervous, But nothing happens.

Watching, we hear the mad gusts tugging on the wire. Like twitching agonies of men among its brambles. Northward incessantly, the flickering gunnery rumbles, Far off, like a dull rumour of some other war. What are we doing here?

The poignant misery of dawn begins to grow...
We only know war lasts, rain soaks, and clouds sag stormy.
Dawn massing in the east her melancholy army
Attacks once more in ranks on shivering ranks of gray,
But nothing happens.

Sudden successive flights of bullets streak the silence.
Less deadly than the air that shudders black with snow,
With sidelong flowing flakes that flock, pause and renew,
We watch them wandering up and down the wind's nonchalance,

But nothing happens.

Sudden successive flights of bullets streak the silence.
Less deadly than the air that shudders black with snow,
With sidelong flowing flakes that flock, pause, and renew,
We watch them wandering up and down the wind's nonchalance,
But nothing happens.

Pale flakes with fingering stealth come feeling for our faces— We cringe in holes, back on forgotten dreams, and stare, snow-dazed, Deep into grassier ditches. So we drowse, sun-dozed, Littered with blossoms trickling where the blackbird fusses.

-ls it that we are dying?

Slowly our ghosts drag home: glimpsing the sunk fires, glozed With crusted dark-red jewels; crickets jingle there; For hours the innocent mice rejoice: the house is theirs; Shutters and doors, all closed: on us the doors are closed,—We turn back to our dying.

Since we believe not otherwise can kind fires burn; Now ever suns smile true on child, or field, or fruit. For God's invincible spring our love is made afraid; Therefore, not loath, we lie out here; therefore were born, For love of God seems dying.

# Language paper 1 and Language paper 2

### LANGUAGE PAPER 1

### **Q4:**

Joseph knows the storm is coming. He sees the yellow glow of the halo around the moon and the iceglitter of the winter sky when he comes up from the beach, pausing every now and then to give his knees rest from their groan and creak.

Later, the wind shifts, swinging from west to east and, waking in the night, he feels the beast of it crouched far out to sea, its arctic breath, its changed salt-smell. He could have warned the villagers who'd forgotten how to read the signs - the low flight of the gulls, the night sky, the wind - but why should he? Let the storm take their chimneys, fright their dogs, send shirts and sheets flying like winged banshees over rooftops. After all, what had anyone done, all those years before, when the storm had taken so much more from him?

A squall has picked up now over the Tops where cattle huddle in the barn and sheep lean together in the field. It rushes between the houses and the shops of Copse Cross Street and past the open window above the Grocer's where Mrs Brown, still awake, peers down the narrow street and beyond to the black sheet of the starlit sea. She smells change on the wind and, securing the shutters, returns to her stove, scoops the dog, Rab, into her lap and waits.

Further down the hill, in a cottage near the Steps leading down to Skerry Sands, Dorothy lights a lamp and places it on the ledge of an upstairs window, a light in the darkness to guide home those lost in the heave and surge of the sea.

When the storm lands, there are things it steals from the little fishing village clinging to the cliffs. It takes roof tiles and sheep; it fells trees and splinters two boats against the Rocks. But it brings something too, something which Joseph will find when he goes back to check on his own boat in the watery light of the next day's dawn.

A gift.

How does the poet present the speaker's attitude towards her relationship and mobile phones?

### LANGUAGE PAPER 2

Q3: How does the writer use language to convey their feelings about mobile phones.

# SOURCE A - 2024 - Will Klempner 'Hunched over my smartphone while my family slept, I knew I had to break my addiction. But how?'

I can't pinpoint the exact moment I became addicted to my phone. It happens without you noticing, like a frog slowly boiling in a pot. I always told myself my excessive screen time wasn't a big deal, that my life was better with my phone in it. I made every excuse in the book: I was learning new things, keeping my finger on the pulse, being an efficient employee and staying up to date with the people I love. But in reality, none of that was true. My phone was such a powerful drug precisely because it gave me the illusion that it held infinite possibilities. But my experience of time and culture had slowly become flattened into two-dimensional memes and philosophical quotes, and I would bypass anything real messages unanswered, calls unreturned - in favour of getting the next hit of dopamine. I found myself numb, disconnected from the world around me and unable to concentrate on anything for longer than a few minutes.

At the peak of my addiction, I would sit in the bathroom for hours after my wife had gone to bed, mindlessly scrolling, until I'd look up and realise another evening had slipped away, and all I had to show for it was a stiff neck and a sore thumb. By this point, the screen had become an escape from feelings of self-hate, and I knew something had to change. So I turned to the only resource I thought could help me. There's a certain irony in thinking that the solution to a problem with phone addiction can be found on your phone. But that's the insidiousness of the whole thing. I set time limits, sought out podcasts and resources on how to claim back my attention. I had my wife apply a password to any app that wasn't deemed "essential". But in every instance, I found a way round it. And without immediate access to social media, I found myself scrolling through anything I could get my thumb on: photos, notes - even the weather app. Continental flights bad been cancelled by evening.