



What does the question mean?

In answering exam questions it isn't just what you know that counts but how you say it. A great deal of emphasis is placed on being able to use what you know to argue a case that relates directly to the specific question you are asked. So whether it's answering a question in a written exam or for a piece of coursework, how you interpret the question is the most crucial factor if you want to gain maximum marks.

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This study advice sheet will help you to think about how to interpret questions so that you can answer in the most effective and appropriate way.

Analysing the question

The following three steps will help you to interpret what the question is asking you to do:

Identify the problem

- What is the question about?
- What is the topic you are being asked to write about?
- What is the principal issue or concept?

Identify the instruction

- What are the key words that indicate the approach your answer should take?
- What are the verbs?

Identify other significant words

- What aspect is being asked about?
- What other words alter meaning?
- What is the scope of the question?
 Wide-ranging or restricted in a specific way?

Analysing the question

It is always helpful to look for examples to analyse. You will be able to find a wide range of questions in places such as:

- Past exam papers
- Textbooks
- Tutorial sessions
- Handouts
- Coursework assignments
- Case studies
- Newspapers
- Develop your own ask yourself how you would test someone's knowledge on the subject.

What am I being asked to do?

In most questions there will be a keyword which guides you towards the required approach. In order to successfully answer the question you will need to highlight and interpret these keywords, targeting your writing accordingly.

Common keywords

Here are some of the most common key words and a suggested meaning for each:

Account for

Explain the cause of.

Analyse

Separate down into its component parts and show how they inter relate with each other.

Annotate

Put notes on (usually a diagram).

Assess

Estimate the value of, looking at both the positive and negative attributes.

Comment

To make critical or explanatory notes/ observations.

Compare

Point out the differences and the similarities. This question needs to be carefully organised to produce a logical answer.

Contrast

Point out the differences only and present the results in an orderly fashion.

Describe

Write down the information in the right order.

Discuss

Present arguments for and against the topic in question. In discussion questions you may also give your opinion.

Distinguish

Identify the differences between.

Evaluate

Estimate the value of, looking at both the positive and negative attributes.

Explain

The word "explain" means that you have to give reasons. You have to explain why rather than just define.

Justify

Here you will need to present a valid argument about why a specific theory or conclusion should be accepted.

Outline

Give the main features or general principles of a subject, omitting minor details and stressing structure.

Relate

Either- show how ideas or events are linked into a sequence Or- compare and contrast.

Review

To make a survey of, examining the subject critically.

Suggest

This question may not have a fixed answer. Give a range of responses.

Summarise

State the main features of an argument, omitting all that is only partially relevant.

To what extent...

Asks you to justify the acceptance or validity of an argument stressing the need to avoid complete acceptance.

Trace

Follow the development or history of a topic from some point or origin.

First Class Answer

The following is a question from an A Level psychology paper on the subject of child development.

"compare and contrast the consequences of blindness and deafness for language development."

This is how students who gained different grades seem to have interpreted the question:

A*

"Identify the consequences of blindness and deafness for language development. Compare and these consequences, drawing conclusions about the nature of language development. Comment on the adequacy of theories of language development in the light of your conclusions."

Α

"Identify the consequences of blindness and for language development. Compare and contrast these consequences."

В

"List some of the features of blindness and deafness. List some consequences for development including a few for language development."

C

"Write down almost anything you can think of about blindness, deafness, child development and language development. Do not draw any justified conclusions."

Example adapted from: Habeshaw, T. et al. (1995) 53 interesting ways of helping your students to study. Technical and Educational Services Ltd, Bristol.

There are many other advice sheets available from the Academy Library which are designed to help you further enhance your study skills and prepare for your exams. These include working in groups, preparing presentations and developing writing skills as well as recommendations for stress free and effective exam preparation so that you can maximise your studies and find them enjoyable and rewarding.

Study advice sheets are available in the library as well as to view and download on the following website: http://www.theacademy.me/page/?title=Library&pid=259

- Minimising Stress
- Reading Efficiently
- Presentations
- Writing in Groups
- Organising Yourself

- Revision and Exam Skills
- Essay Writing
- Taking Notes
- What does the question mean?
- Writing Reports

